Set S1	Items 70203	Description (MANUFACTUR? OR MASS()PRODUC? OR ASSEMBL? OR CONFIGUR? OR - FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?)(3N)(COMPUTER? OR DESKTOP? OR COMPONE-
		NT? OR SCANNER? OR PRINTER? OR PERIPHERAL?)
S2		FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?)(3N)(MONITOR? OR CPU? ? OR CRT? ? OR -
s3	262261	HARDDISK? OR HARDDISC? OR HARD()(DISK? OR DISC?)) (MANUFACTUR? OR MASS()PRODUC? OR ASSEMBL? OR CONFIGUR? OR -
	I I	FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?)(3N)((DISK? OR DISC?)()(STOR? OR DRIV- E?) OR DESK()TOP? ? OR UNIT? ? OR MODULE? OR EQUIPMENT? OR AP- PARATUS? OR DEVICE?)
S4	327541	
S5	5470	OR DATA?()(BASE? OR FILE? OR REPOSITOR? OR BANK? OR STORAG? OR RECORD? OR SYSTEM?)
S6	206252	on
s7	39785	BETA? OR DRAWING? OR REPRESENTAT? OR PLANS OR GRAPHIC? PLURAL? OR MULTIP? OR MULTIT? OR SEVERAL? OR MORE(2W)ONE OR MANY OR NUMEROUS?
S8	84069	EACH? OR SPECIFIC? OR PARTICULAR? OR DISTINCT? OR SINGULAR?
S9	7364	OR UNIQUE? OR PRECISE? DEVELOPMENT? OR EVOLUTION? OR ACCUMULAT? OR CUMULAT? OR AG-
		GLOMERAT? OR OCCURREN? OR PROGRESSION? OR ADVANCEMENT?
S10	39144	STAGE? OR PHASE? OR INTERATION? OR LEVEL? OR TIER? OR LEG? OR MODEL? ? OR PERMUTATION? OR VARIATION?
S11	6298	SHARE? OR SHARING OR INTERACT? OR SYMBIO? OR PARTICIPAT? OR CONTRIBUT? OR SOLICIT? OR ELICIT? OR BACK(2W) FORTH?
\$12	44850	INPUT? OR INSERT? OR INITIAT? OR INTRODUC?
S13	42247 1	AMEND? OR CHANGE? OR CHANGING? OR MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR -ALTER? OR ADAPT?
S14	2844	UPDAT? OR EDIT??? OR RECONFIGUR?
S15	24429	OUTSIDE? OR EXTERNAL? OR EXTRINSIC? OR EXTERIOR? OR SUBCON- TRACT?
S16	13708	VENDOR? OR SUPPLIER? OR MANUFACTURER? OR PARTY? OR PARTIE?
	(OR DEPARTMENT? OR INDIVIDUAL? OR CLIENT? OR WORKER?
S17	14318	CUSTOMER? OR USER? OR PATRON? OR ENDUSER? OR PRINCIPAL?
S18	18880	RELEVAN? OR PERTINEN? OR INTERESTED? OR COMMITTED? OR RELA-
210		TED? OR AFFILIAT? OR ASSOCIAT? OR AUXILIAR?
S19	20426	IC=G06F?
S20	29136	MC=T01?
S21	4610	S4 AND S5:S6 AND S7:S8 AND S9:S10 AND S11:S14
S22	1462	S21 AND S19:S20
S23	4610	\$21:\$22
S24	34	S23 AND S7:S8(5N)S9:S10 AND (S7 OR S15 OR S18)(7N)S16:S17
S25	21	S23 AND S11:S12 AND S13:S14 AND S5 AND S6 AND S8:S9(5N)S10
S26 S27	60 12	S23 AND S16:S17 AND S7:S9(5N)S10 AND S11:S14(5N)S9:S10
	I	S4 AND S5 AND S6 AND (S7:S8 OR S15)(5N)(S9:S10 OR S16:S17) AND S11:S12 AND S13:S14(5N)S9:S10
S28	107	S24:S27
S29	34782	PR=2000:2006
S30	90	S28 NOT S29
S31	90	IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
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Set	Items Description
S1	242815 (MANUFACTUR? OR MASS()PRODUC? OR ASSEMBL? OR CONFIGUR? OR -
	FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?) (3N) (COMPUTER? OR DESKTOP? OR COMPONE-
	NT? OR SCANNER? OR PRINTER? OR PERIPHERAL?)
S2	15170 (MANUFACTUR? OR MASS()PRODUC? OR ASSEMBL? OR CONFIGUR? OR -
	FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?) (3N) (MONITOR? OR CPU? ? OR CRT? ? OR -
	HARDDISK? OR HARDDISC? OR HARD()(DISK? OR DISC?))
s3	439060 (MANUFACTUR? OR MASS() PRODUC? OR ASSEMBL? OR CONFIGUR? OR -
	FABRICAT? OR CONSTRUCT?) (3N) ((DISK? OR DISC?) () (STOR? OR DRIV-
	E?) OR DESK()TOP? ? OR UNIT? ? OR MODULE? OR EQUIPMENT? OR AP-
	PARATUS? OR DEVICE?)
S4	632177 S1:S3
S5	24432 DATABASE? OR DATAFILE? OR DATAREPOSITOR? OR DATABANK? OR DB
	OR DATA?()(BASE? OR FILE? OR REPOSITOR? OR BANK? OR STORAG? -
	OR RECORD? OR SYSTEM?)
S6	158856 INFO? OR INFORMAT? OR DATA? ? OR TEMPLAT? OR PROTOTYP? OR -
	BETA? OR DRAWING? OR REPRESENTAT? OR PLANS OR GRAPHIC?
s7	79890 PLURAL? OR MULTIP? OR MULTIT? OR SEVERAL? OR MORE (2W) ONE OR
57	MANY OR NUMEROUS?
S8	
30	
C O	OR UNIQUE? OR PRECISE? 85335 DEVELOPMENT? OR EVOLUTION? OR ACCUMULAT? OR CUMULAT? OR AG-
S9	
010	GLOMERAT? OR OCCURREN? OR PROGRESSION? OR ADVANCEMENT?
S10	134865 STAGE? OR PHASE? OR INTERATION? OR LEVEL? OR TIER? OR LEG?
-11	? OR MODEL? ? OR PERMUTATION? OR VARIATION?
S11	40856 SHARE? OR SHARING OR INTERACT? OR SYMBIO? OR PARTICIPAT? OR
	CONTRIBUT? OR SOLICIT? OR ELICIT? OR BACK(2W) FORTH?
S12	58838 INPUT? OR INSERT? OR INITIAT? OR INTRODUC?
S13	96662 AMEND? OR CHANGE? OR CHANGING? OR MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR -
	ALTER? OR ADAPT?
S14	24670 UPDAT? OR EDIT??? OR RECONFIGUR?
S15	12813 OUTSIDE? OR EXTERNAL? OR EXTRINSIC? OR EXTERIOR? OR SUBCON-
	TRACT?
S16	61593 VENDOR? OR SUPPLIER? OR MANUFACTURER? OR PARTY? OR PARTIE?
	OR DEPARTMENT? OR INDIVIDUAL? OR CLIENT? OR WORKER?
S17	36923 CUSTOMER? OR USER? OR PATRON? OR ENDUSER? OR PRINCIPAL?
S18	73523 RELEVAN? OR PERTINEN? OR INTERESTED? OR COMMITTED? OR RELA-
	TED? OR AFFILIAT? OR ASSOCIAT? OR AUXILIAR?
S19	17207 S4 AND S5:S6 AND S7:S8 AND S9:S10 AND S11:S14
S20	98 S19 AND S7(5N)S9:S10 AND (S7 OR S15 OR S18)(7N)S16:S17
S21	82 S19 AND S11:S12 AND S13:S14 AND S5 AND S6 AND S8:S9(5N)S10
S22	248 S19 AND S16:S17 AND S8:S9(5N)S10 AND S11:S14(5N)S10
S23	409 S20:S22
S24	263 S23 AND PY<2000
S25	229 RD (unique items)
File	2:INSPEC 1898-2006/Dec W3
	(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File	6:NTIS 1964-2006/Jan W1
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	(c) 2006 Inst for Sci Info
File	35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Dec
	(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File	65:Inside Conferences 1993-2006/Jan W2
	(c) 2006 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File	94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2006/Oct W5
1110	(c) 2006 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File	99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2006/Dec
1.776	(c) 2006 The HW Wilson Co.
	(C) 2000 THE NW WIISON CO.

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File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2006/Jan 11

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File 144:Pascal 1973-2006/Dec W3

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File 239:Mathsci 1940-2005/Feb

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File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2005/Feb

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178/03

31/3,K/58

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012597965 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1999-404071/199934

XRPX Acc No: N99-301109

Data management controller in file and database management system for IC designing

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: MUELLER J L; VAN HUBEN G A

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5920873 A 19990706 US 96761463 A 19961206 199934 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96761463 A 19961206

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5920873 A 400 G06F-017/00

Data management controller in file and database management system for IC designing

Abstract (Basic):

The data and control information are tracked in architecturally centralized location using PFVL paradigm. The controller provides dynamic bill of materials tracker to identify all desired pieces of design at particular library, level and variance to build a model.

... Control repository comprising common access interface and one or more database communicates with users and corresponding data repositories for fulfilling the user request through data managers ...

- ...In file and data management system for designing development and manufacture of IC and computer system...
- ...Since the controller provides dynamic BOM tracker, all desired pieces of design at particular library, level and variance to build a model are identified. The controller provides continuous tracking of created model while allowing the user to modify it by adding components, deleting components, changing the status of model and allowing promotion of model in data processing system through their libraries...
- ... DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING (S...
- ...The figure shows the design control system **level** structure with versions...

Title Terms: DATA ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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012578905 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1999-385012/199932

XRPX Acc No: N99-288365

Hyperstructure variables modeling method for distributed on-line analytical processing system

Patent Assignee: WHITELIGHT SYSTEMS INC (WHIT-N) Inventor: BRILL M L; POUSCHINE N; STROSS K G Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5918232 A 19990629 US 97978168 A 19971126 199932 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97978168 A 19971126

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5918232 A 36 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic):

... Independent dimensions with at least one element are constructed from computer data within a hyperstructure. Cells are created which store at least one value and at least...

...associated with one cell. A domain modeling rule set is prepared to cause a physical **transformation** of **data** corresponding to physical objects which are modeled in hyperstructure.

to be modeled in the hyperstructure is obtained before constructing independent dimensions. The measurements are transformed into computer data. At least one rule domain is associated with one cell. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for method of querying multidimensional computer modeling data structure...

...Reduces set-up time for making the model and reduces effort and storage requirements as pre-calculation of all data cell is not required. Although large number of users can be supported and data is easily shared between models, access is restricted and regulated in a secured manner. It is possible to create very complex models of many dimensions, thereby allowing decisions to be made on the basis of great number of variables...

... DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING (S...

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05B

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012383850 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1999-189957/199916

XRPX Acc No: N99-138987

Database access management system for electronic component designing and manufacture

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: MCDONALD D J; MUELLER J L; SIEGEL M S; VAN HUBEN G A; WARNOCK T B

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 5878408 A 19990302 US 96761253 A 19961206 199916 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96761253 A 19961206

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5878408 A 73 G06F-017/30

Database access management system for electronic component designing and manufacture

Abstract (Basic):

- The automated processing of any application program or tool library data obtained from data input from management controller is performed using ALMs by a library manager. The processed result is
- Various project representing repository data for each record and common access interface is managed by a management unit. The control repository data is communicated to other users based on their validity of requests through process manager. During library processing, library initiated processing and designer initiated processing are performed dependently or independently within homogeneous or multiple computer platforms. The processed results...
- ...For electronic **component** designing in **manufacture** of complex electronic **equipments** like computer...
- ...Enables execution of designing process by several users simultaneously through distributed network. The modification of created model is simplified according to user's wish by performing library processing. The throughput is raised by transferring only the specific task data even though the design is complex. As the project control information is segregated by library, the work load of user during repetitive access is reduced...

...DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING (S... Title Terms: DATABASE;

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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Image available WPI Acc No: 1998-239632/199821

XRPX Acc No: N98-189577

Quality system implementation simulator - involves applying configured quality model to product flow data and displaying results of quality assurance measures, on product flow, on screen

Patent Assignee: KEANE J A (KEAN-I)

Inventor: KEANE J A

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date US 5737581 19980407 US 95520870 A Α 19950830 199821 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95520870 A 19950830 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5737581 21 G06F-009/44 A

- involves applying configured quality model to product flow data and displaying results of quality assurance measures, on product flow, on screen
- ... Abstract (Basic): The process for simulating the implementation of a quality system on a business involves inputting a selection of quality assurance measures of the quality system. A quality model is configured within the computer system according to the selection to form a configured quality model .
- ... The configured quality model has a mathematical representation each quality assurance measure selected. Product flow data representing the product flow is input. The configured quality model is applied to the product flow data. Results of the quality assurance measures on the product flow are displayed on a user interface as determined by applying the configured quality $\ensuremath{\text{model}}$.
- ...to practise and experiment with quality system without attendant risks. May be augmented with other models such as accounting, consumer, financial, and macroeconomic models to enhance realism

... Title Terms: MODEL ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/44

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-009/445

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05A2 ...

... T01-J15H ...

... T01-S01B

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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010504890 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1996-001841/199601

XRPX Acc No: N96-001589

Plant simulator - has simulation computer which unifies simulation models for all constituent members to output simulation result

Patent Assignee: MITSUBISHI JUKOGYO KK (MITO) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 7261654 A 19951013 JP 9451594 A 19940323 199601 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 9451594 A 19940323 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 7261654 A 4 G09B-009/00

- ... has simulation computer which unifies simulation models for all constituent members to output simulation result
- ...Abstract (Basic): The plant simulator uses CAD (12) using which a data entry part (11) is operated. The simulator is furnished with a simulation computer (1). The systematic representation of the plant is carried out using the CAD. Then, a connection data file (B) is automatically generated pertaining to the connection configuration of the equipments that constitute that part...
- ...Based on attribute data (14) obtained as input for each constituent member, automatic generation of an attribute data file (16) is effected. The two data files stored in the memory, are sent to the computer. The computer using the data files and expression models (18a,18b) built for each constituent member, performs simulation calculation. Consequently, simulation result (19) is output from that computer...
- ...ADVANTAGE Enables simulation **model** to be varied easily according to **change** in plant. Reduces time required for effecting **changes** in simulation **model**.
- ... Title Terms: MODEL;
- ...International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/00 ...
- ... G06F-017/50

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J15A3 ...

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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009443176 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1993-136693/199317

XRPX Acc No: N93-104272

Programmable controller for industrial equipment - includes processor module with memory contg. states of various appts. being controlled and governs device operation w.r.t. stored ladder logic control program

Patent Assignee: ALLEN BRADLEY CO (ALLB)

Inventor: PIETRZYK A P; SCHULTZ M E; STERMOLE J A; ZINK S M

Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
GB 2260829	Α	19930428	GB 9211640	Α	19920602	199317	В
US 5265004	Α	19931123	US 91776917		19911015		D
GB 2260829	В	19950111	GB 9211640	_	19920602		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 91776917 A 19911015 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

another designated step. A second memory...

GB 2260829 A 50 G05B-019/05 US 5265004 A 19 G05B-011/01 GB 2260829 B 2 G05B-019/05

...Abstract (Basic): processor which repeatedly executes instructions of a stored control program to examine the status of input devices, and to operate output devices w.r.t. such status, and conductors coupled to the processor for carrying data and control signals. A first storage device holds data regarding each step in a machine control process, with the data comprising: states for the output devices, a designation of other steps in the process to which a transition may occur, and data defining a Boolean logic expression specifying the states of inputs which must exist for a transition to occur to

- ...step. a first logic device detects the truth of a Boolean logic expression defined by **data** received from the first memory, and in response. The second memory is loaded with an...
- ...Abstract (Equivalent): processor for repeatedly executing instructions of a stored control program to examine the status of input devices operatively connected thereto, and to operate output devices operatively connected thereto in accordance with the status of the input devices: the programmable controller further including a) conductors coupled to the processor for carrying data and control signals; b) a first means, coupled to the conductors, for storing data regarding each step in a machine control process with the data for each step comprising states for the output devices, a designation of other steps in the process to which a transition may occur, and data defining a Boolean logic expression specifying the states of a plurality of inputs which must exist in order for a transition to occur to one of the other...
- ...e) a first means for detecting the truth of a Boolean logic expression defined by **data** received from said first means for storing; and f) means, responsive to said means for...
- ... Abstract (Equivalent): The controller includes a state machine instruction. A memory is provided for storing data regarding each state of an apparatus being controlled. This data defines the status of apparatus operating devices for each state, and the legitimate

transitions from that state to other selected states, along with a Boolean logic expression of selected **input** conditions which determines when a state transition should occur...

- ...the detected true expression. State transitions also can be defined as occurring upon a specified **change** in the status of a single **input**. Other mechanisms are provided to detect illegitimate states of the apparatus and take appropriate action...
- ...USE/ADVANTAGE For operating of industrial equipment such as assembly lines and machine tool according to stored program. Enabled transition to occur from each stage to one of multiple possible stages defined by user.

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-E02 ...

... T01-J07

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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008449301 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1990-336301/199045

XRPX Acc No: N90-257222

Operating programme selection for automatic machining system - combines normal position variation data for different workpieces with machining cycle for each machining station

Patent Assignee: NISSAN MOTOR CO LTD (NSMO)

Inventor: KIKUCHI E; NISHIYAMA T

Number of Countries: 003 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
DE 4013617	A	19901031	DE 4013617	Α	19900427	199045	В
GB 2233122	A	19910102	GB 909493	Α	19900427	199101	
US 5161101	A	19921103	US 90513706	Α	19900425	199247	
GB 2233122	В	19930922	GB 909493	Α	19900427	199338	
DE 4013617	C2	19950824	DE 4013617	Α	19900427	199538	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 89107794 A 19890428; JP 89107793 A 19890428

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5161101 A 13 G06F-015/46 DE 4013617 C2 12 G05B-019/418 GB 2233122 B G05B-019/417

- ... combines normal position variation data for different workpieces with machining cycle for each machining station
- ...Abstract (Basic): The programme selection is effected by entering the normal positioning data and the required machining cycle for each of the separate machining stations, the actual normal positions for the latter measured for different types of workpiece for comparison with the entered data to obtain individual variation data.
- ...machining the selected workpiece and their normal positions are corrected in dependence on the latter **variation data**, to allow the machining programme for **each** station to be determined in combination with the entered machining cycle
- ... Abstract (Equivalent): A method of operating an assembly apparatus which comprises respective automatic machines by forming operation programs used in operating the automatic machines for a number of kinds of work, the automatic machines having the same specifications and variations , and each automatic machine including at least one function element for operating on the number of kinds of work, the method comprising the steps of: (a) inputting normal position data and operation pattern data into a main computer, the normal position data specifying a predetermined normal position at which the function elements of the automatic machines are to operate for each of the kinds of work, the operation pattern data specifying a predetermined pattern of operation of the automatic machines for each of the kinds of work; (b) measuring actual normal positions at which the function elements of respective automatic machines operate actually for each of the kinds of work; (c) providing individual variation data specifying deviations of the measured actual normal positions from the respective predetermined

normal positions for each of the kinds of work; (d) inputting the variation data into the main computer; (e) selecting one of the automatic machines; (f) selecting one of the kinds of work; (g) correcting the predetermined normal position data related to the selected automatic machine and the selected kind of work based on the individual variation data related to the selected automatic machine and the selected kind of work; (h) inputting accomplished data obtained empirically for each of the kinds of work, the accomplished data specifying correction factors by which the respective predetermined normal positions should be shifted to provide an improved operation accuracy to the automatic machines; (i) modifying the corrected normal position data based on the accomplished data; (j) combining the modified normal position data with the operation pattern data related to the selected automatic machine and the selected kind of work to form an...

... Abstract (Equivalent): The method of forming operation programs used in operating respective automatic machines having the same specifications and individual variations involves employing normal position data specifying set normal positions at which the respective automatic machines are to operate and operation pattern data specifying a set pattern of operation of the automatic machines. Actual normal positions at which the respective automatic machines operate actually are measured to form individual variation data specifying deviations of the measured actual normal positions from the respective predetermined normal positions. The normal position data are corrected based on the individual variation data . The corrected normal position data are combined with the operation pattern data to form operation programs required for controlling the respective automatic machines...

...Title Terms: VARIATION ;

... International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/46

20/5/1

25/3,K/183 (Item 22 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
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01384086 ORDER NO: AAD94-30654

TOODM - A TEMPORAL OBJECT-ORIENTED DATA MODEL AND QUERY LANGUAGE

Author: ROSE, ELLEN ANN

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1993

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (0028)

Source: VOLUME 55/07-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 2860. 199 PAGES

TOODM - A TEMPORAL OBJECT-ORIENTED DATA MODEL AND QUERY LANGUAGE Year: 1993

A temporal, object-oriented data model (TOODM) and query language (TOOSQL) are developed and implemented in this dissertation. TOODM can handle complex data structures and temporal semantics which can't be dealt with easily in relational data models which are inadequate in handling applications such as Computer Integrated Manufacturing (CIM), Medical Histories, Legal Histories, and Econometric Models which require time-series data and the capability of modeling many relationships between the data points as functions of time. Building this functionality into the data model means writing fewer application programs to manipulate the data thereby lessening maintenance time to update the system.

This model incorporates temporal and dynamic properties of real world objects through the addition of new structural primitives and constraints to a basic object-oriented model. The resulting data model supports the specification and enforcement of explicit constraints; past, present and future states of objects; type and instance histories using the time sequence, TS(\$0\sb{i}\$) construct; different user views of a type using Meta-Types; retroactive/proactive updates and instance histories using the time sequence, TS(\$0\sb{i}\$) construct; different user views of a type using Meta-Types; retroactive/proactive updates and queries using TOOSQL, a temporal, object-oriented SQL-based query language; multiple time lines; corrections without information loss; an algebra for optimizing query execution; a mapping to the relational model and a calculus to formalize the specification and manipulation of the model.

In Chapter 2, previous work is reviewed in the framework of how it contributes to this thesis. Chapter 3 discusses TOODM's assumptions and functionality, presents an illustrative example in the manufacturing management area and defines notations. The structures, operators and constraints are introduced along with the data definition language. The data manipulation language (DML) is discussed in Chapter 4. Chapter 5 gives the theoretical foundation in...

...TOODM and TOOSQL by mapping the type definitions of TOODM to those of the relational model and by mapping the TOOC to Relational Calculus. Chapter 7 discusses issues involved in a prototype implementation as an extension of POSTGRES v4r1. The POSTGRES monitor was replaced with a graphical front-end and modifications were made to support TOOSQL queries to TOODM data structures stored as POSTGRES relations. Performance, object storage and indexing improvements are relegated to future...

25/3,K/150 (Item 40 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R) File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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01917400 E.I. Monthly No: EIM8512-084674

Title: USER INTERFACE: CONCEPTS AND SPECIFICATIONS .

Author: Spliid, Axel Monrad; Sorgen, Amos

Corporate Source: Technical Univ of Denmark, Control Engineering Section, Lyngby, Den

Conference Title: EUROGRAPHICS '84, Proceedings of the European Graphics Conference and Exhibition.

Conference Location: Copenhagen, Den Conference Date: 19840912

E.I. Conference No.: 07326

Source: Publ by North-Holland, Amsterdam, Neth and New York, NY, USA p 329-338

Publication Year: 1984 ISBN: 0-444-87617-0 Language: English

Title: USER INTERFACE: CONCEPTS AND SPECIFICATIONS .

Abstract: A CAD/CAM/CAE system may be very powerful, but its acceptance among a user group depends heavily on its User Interface. In the development of SEDA - System for Engineering Design and Analysis - the User Interface problematics were studied carefully, and great emphasis was put into the development of SEDA's User Interface. The basic building blocks in the input process - like a key stroke on the key board or a light pen interrupt - are hierarchically composed into tokens and higher syntax constructs. Five basic processes are present at each level in the hierarchy: Prompting, echoing, input interpretation, information transmission to a higher level and error handling. 3 refs.

Descriptors: *COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN; COMPUTER AIDED MANUFACTURING; COMPUTER SYSTEMS, DIGITAL...

- ... Interactive Operation; COMPUTER INTERFACES; COMPUTER GRAPHICS --...
- ... Interactive; SYSTEMS SCIENCE AND CYBERNETICS
 Identifiers: CAD/CAM/CAE SYSTEM; USER INTERFACE; HIERARCHICAL STRUCTURE; SYNTAX CONSTRUCTS; TOKENS; SEDA PROJECT

25/3,K/182 (Item 21 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
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01403842 ORDER NO: AADAA-19509661

MANUFACTURING TEST SIMULATOR, A CONCURRENT ENGINEERING TOOL FOR BOARDS AND MULTI-CHIP MODULES

Author: TEGETHOFF, MAURO VIANA

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1994

Corporate Source/Institution: COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY (0053) Source: VOLUME 55/11-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 5010. 331 PAGES

Year: 1994

This dissertation discusses a board and Multi-Chip Module (MCM) Manufacturing Test SIMulator (MTSIM). MTSIM is a concurrent engineering tool used to simulate the manufacturing test...

...select assembly process, specify Design For Test (DFT) features, select board test coverage, specify Application **Specific** Integrated Circuit (ASIC) defect **level** goals, establish product feasibility, and predict manufacturing quality and cost goals.

MTSIM models solder faults, manufacturing workmanship faults, component performance faults and reliability faults. Fault probabilities for the board are estimated based on the component type, component functionality and the assembly process used. Up to seven manufacturing test steps can be simulated. Test coverage models will support all currently used manufacturing test methodologies, including visual inspection, in-circuit test, IEEE 1149.1 boundary scan, selftest, diagnostics and burn-in.

A new yield **model** for boards and MCMs which accounts for the clustering of solder defects is **introduced** and used to predict the yield at **each** test step. In addition, MTSIM estimates the average number of defects per board detected at **each** test step, and estimates costs incurred in test execution, fault isolation and repair.

MTSIM was...

 \ldots tool framework, having the same look and feel of the design tools used in product $\ensuremath{ ext{development}}$.

Experimental results are presented, including the validation of MTSIM models with high performance assemblies at Hewlett-Packard (HP). In addition, case studies of simulations, and a sensitivity analysis of the major contributors to manufacturing defects and cost are presented.

The significance of this research as an enabling...
...and optimize the cost of test and the quality of their products in the design phase, while changes can be effected without redesigns. Since the models developed in this research have the proper balance between simulation accuracy and model input data, MTSIM runs with data currently available in the manufacturing database and requires minimum input and knowledge from designers. MTSIM also enables manufacturing engineers to predict the effects of new...

25/3,K/118 (Item 8 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2006 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

04938252 E.I. No: EIP98024053363 Title: Virtual process capability

Author: Mackertich, Neal A.; Stephens, Vic

Corporate Source: Raytheon Electronic Systems, Sudbury, MA, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1997 51st Annual Quality Congress, ASOC

Conference Location: Orlando, FL, USA Conference Date: 19970505-19970507

E.I. Conference No.: 47736

Source: Annual Quality Congress Transactions 1997. ASQ, Milwaukee, WI, USA. p 769-773

Publication Year: 1997

CODEN: AQCTEF Language: English

... Abstract: five times that of later production runs. If a manufacturing organization is to gain market **share** and increase its profitability, it must explore methods of accelerating its learning curves through defect...

...methodology is to realistically simulate the manufacture of mechanically designed products by understanding their underlying model equations and the statistical distributions of each involved contributing parameter. Recent simulated efforts such as Boeing's well known and successful 777 airplane design dimensional management study have utilized their initial design specifications as a method of estimating each involved model equation contributing parameter. The VPC methodology effectively integrates this successful modeling approach along with one that utilizes past manufacturing capability (from like parts) and supplier statistical information. This enhancement has provided our integrated design and manufacturing engineering teams at Raytheon Aircraft with...

...improvement insights. We have conservatively estimated from our practical application of this methodology that for **each** dollar invested ten are saved. (Author abstract) 10 Refs.

Descriptors: *Process engineering; Production; Manufacture; Monte Carlo methods; Computer simulation

25/3,K/83 (Item 31 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

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1292798 NTIS Accession Number: AD-A177 752/3

Computer Aided Tool for Entity-Relationship Database Design

(Master's thesis)

Mendez, R.

Air Force Inst. of Tech., Wright-Patterson AFB, OH. School of Engineering.

Corp. Source Codes: 000805002; 012225

Report No.: AFIT/GCS/ENG/86D-5

Dec 86 103p

Languages: English Document Type: Thesis

Journal Announcement: GRAI8712

Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)321-8547; and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A06/MF A01

Computer Aided Tool for Entity-Relationship Database Design

... thesis involved the design and implementation of a computer aided design tool to assist the database designer in the design process. The tool provided the database designer an interactive environment to support the creation of entity-relationship diagrams for individual view designs. Background information is provided describing the different phases in the database design process, the entity-relationship model and problems confronting designers when integrating several local views into a global view. A summary of approaches for solving the view integration problem and methods used in translating a data model to a specific database management system are also discussed in this report. Requirements definition and major design issues, with...

... in the human computer interface area, are also addressed. With the use of a standard **graphics** package, the tool provides a high degree of program portability. The result of this project is a DBMS-independent tool that aids the **database** designer in the design process.

Descriptors: *Computer aided design; * Data bases; *Man computer interface; Data management; Models; Integration; Computers; Graphics; Interactions

Identifiers: *Dat a base management systems; NTISDODXA

25/3,K/77 (Item 25 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

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1447669 NTIS Accession Number: NTN89-0471

Investment Analysis Software for Automated Manufacturing

(NTIS Tech Note)

Department of the Navy, Washington, DC.

Corp. Source Codes: 001840000

Jun 89 1p

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI8917

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: To discuss this effort further, contact: Dr. Stephen F. Weber, AMRF Project, Building 101-Room A-415, National Institute of Standards & Technology, Gaithersburg, MD; (301) 975-6137.

NTIS Prices: Not available NTIS

...one-page announcement of technology available for utilization. Current methods for justifying investments in automated manufacturing equipment generally use narrow financial criteria. Factors which may affect the competitive position of a company...

... to include non-financial and even non-quantitative criteria in their analysis. AutoMan is being beta -tested by forty-eight companies. AutoMan uses four steps to measure the impact of potential investments: define the decision **model** by identifying impact criteria; establish weights for the categories and for the criteria through pairwise comparisons; rate investment alternatives with respect to each criterion; and compute a weighted average rating for investment alternative . Several each 'starter' decision modelswhich specify categories and criteria as examples are included with AutoMan. The user can easily apply these models or develop new ones with up to seven categories of impacts and up to seven criteria per category. The forty-nine criteria may be either quantitative or qualitative. Models can be developed, revised, selected, and applied with ease.

25/3,K/74 (Item 22 from file: 6)
DIALOG(R)File 6:NTIS
(c) 2006 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res. All rts. reserv.

1475862 NTIS Accession Number: N90-10090/0

Modeling and Control System Design and Analysis Tools for Flexible Structures

Anissipour, A. A.; Benson, R. A.; Coleman, E. E.

Boeing Co., Seattle, WA.

Corp. Source Codes: 004210000; BR564481

Sponsor: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

May 89 21p

Languages: English Document Type: Journal article

Journal Announcement: GRAI9004; STAR2801

In NASA. Langley Research Center, Proceedings of the Workshop on Computational Aspects in the Control of Flexible Systems, Part 1 p 221-241. NTIS Prices: (Order as N90-10080/1, PC A21/MF A01)

Described here are Boeing software tools used for the **development** of control laws of flexible structures. The Boeing Company has developed a software tool called Modern Control Software Package (MPAC). MPAC provides the environment necessary for linear **model development**, analysis, and controller design for large **models** of flexible structures. There are two features of MPAC which are **particularly** appropriate for use with large **models**: (1) numerical accuracy and (2) label-driven nature. With the first feature MPAC uses double...

... relies on EISPAC and LINPACK for the numerical foundation. With the second feature, all MPAC modelinputs , outputs, and states are user -defined labels. This feature allows model referenced by modification while maintaining the same state, input, and output names. In addition, there is no need for the user to keep track of a model variable's matrix row and column locations. There is a wide range of manipulation, analysis, and design features within the numerically robust and flexible environment provided by MPAC. Models can be built or modified using either state space or transfer function representations . models can be combined via parallel, series, and feedback Existing connections; and loops of a closed-loop model may be broken for analysis. Descriptors: *Computer aided design; *Control systems design; *Flexible bodies; *Software tools; *Structural analysis; Eigenvalues; Eigenvectors; Mathematical models; Reprints

```
25/3,K/30
             (Item 30 from file: 2)
               2:INSPEC
DIALOG(R) File
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: C9212-7160-043
 Title: An approach to the construction and usage of simulation modeling in
the shipbuilding industry
 Author(s): Barzier, M.K.; Perry, C.J.
 Author Affiliation: Systems Modeling Corp., Sewickley, PA, USA
 Conference Title: 1991 Winter Simulation Conference Proceedings (Cat.
                 p.455-64
No.91CH3050-2)
  Editor(s): Nelson, B.L.; Kelton, W.D.; Clark, G.M.
  Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY, USA
  Publication Date: 1991 Country of Publication: USA
                                                       xxii+1261 pp.
 ISBN: 0 7803 0181 1
 Conference Sponsor: American Stat. Assoc.; ACM; IEEE; NIST; ORSA; TIMS/CS
; IIE; SCS
  Conference Date: 8-11 Dec. 1991
                                   Conference Location: Phoenix, AZ, USA
 Language: English
 Subfile: C
 Abstract: The authors describe a two- level
                                                    modeling approach for
developing simulation
                       models in the shipbuilding industry. At the shop
       level , a series of low-level models simulates the behaviors of
            hull
                   components as they are fabricated and processed
through the shop. Output from one model is used as input to the next in
accordance with the appropriate manufacturing sequence. A single high-
```

manufacturing of major assemblies as they are fabricated. Both **levels** are schedule-driven to allow for the analysis of a proposed schedule with respect to capacity requirements, inventory, throughput, etc. In addition,

each is animated to graphically depict its behavior. A parallel
development effort of the high- level model with the low- level
models has provided both an initial rough-cut analysis tool for

forecasting and planning and a framework for integration of the low- level

simulates the overall shipbuilding process, modeling the

 ${f models}$ into a single implementation for detailed macro analysis. ... Identifiers: simulation ${f models}$; ...

...high- level model; 1991

...shop floor level; ...

model

level

(Item 31 from file: 2) 25/3,K/31 DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC (c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C9209-0110-001 Title: Experiences with an educational model CIM Author(s): Divjak, S. Author Affiliation: Fac. for Electr. & Comput. Eng., Ljubljana Univ., Yugoslavia Conference Title: 6th Mediterranean Electrotechnical Conference. Proceedings. (Cat. No.91CH2964-5) p.1556-8 vol.2 Editor(s): Zajc, B.; Solina, F. Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY, USA Publication Date: 1991 Country of Publication: USA 2 vol. xxxii+1584 ISBN: 0 87942 655 1 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: CH2964-5/91/0000-1556\$01.00 Conference Sponsor: IEEE Date: 22-24 May 1991 Conference Location: LJubljana, Conference Slovenia Language: English Subfile: C Title: Experiences with an educational model CIM Abstract: An educational project entitled 'Automatic Factory' by IRFOP (Regional Institute for Professional Education). The introduced goal of the project was the specialization of the technical personnel for specific factories. One part of the project was oriented toward the development of a didactic computer integrated manufacturing (CIM) . This is based on **several** PC-based workstations representing typical computer supported departments of a simulated factory. All workstations are connected in a simple network. The model includes a robot and an automatically guided vehicle, (AGV), both made by students. ...Descriptors: manufacturing computer control... ...manufacturing data processing

...Identifiers: didactic computer integrated manufacturing;

1991

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25/3,K/28 (Item 28 from file: 2)
```

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

05450962 INSPEC Abstract Number: C9309-6110B-012

Title: Specification and implementation of cooperation paradigms for distributed applications

Author(s): Zimmermann, M.

Author Affiliation: Johann Wolfgang Goethe Univ., Frankfurt, Germany Conference Title: Distributed Computing, Practice and Experience. Proceedings of the Autumn 1992 OpenForum Technical Conference p.179-92

Publisher: EurOpen, Buntingford, UK

Publication Date: 1992 Country of Publication: UK ix+381 pp.

Conference Sponsor: 88Open; Cognos; Digital Equipment; BULL; IBM; et al Conference Date: 25-27 Nov. 1992 Conference Location: Utrecht,

Netherlands

Language: English

Subfile: C

Title: Specification and implementation of cooperation paradigms for distributed applications

Abstract: The author presents an integrated approach for the specification , implementation and management of distributed applications. Driven by the basic characteristics of distributed applications, he introduces a distributed application model enabling the integration of different aspects during the development phase of a distributed application. Based on this model , he explains his specification technique for interfaces, components, and application configurations. In order to support reusability of distributed applications, he proposes some research directions for the design of generic distributed applications. For this purpose, he **introduces** the concept of **templates**, which serves as a framework that provides a skeleton for developing distributed applications with a specific cooperation pattern. Templates are a technique for making application specifications as general and flexible as possible. It allows interfaces, components and application configurations to have generic parameters. During application engineering generic distributed application is reused to construct applications, i.e. a concrete running application through an instantiation process. Based on practical examples, he demonstrates the usefulness of his approach by specification of templates for client server applications and different types of distributed group work applications.

... Descriptors: formal specification;

... Identifiers: specification ; ...

... templates 1992

25/3,K/24 (Item 24 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

05793884 INSPEC Abstract Number: C9411-7480-119
Title: A three- phase method for feature interaction resolution
Author(s): Chuan Jun Su; Mayer, R.J.; Tien-Lung Sun; Wysk, R.A.
Author Affiliation: Dept. of Ind. Eng., Texas A&M Univ., College Station,
TX, USA
Journal: Journal of Design and Manufacturing vol.4, no.2 p.153-66
Publication Date: June 1994 Country of Publication: UK
CODEN: JDMAEG ISSN: 0962-4694

Language: English

Subfile: C

1994

Title: A three- phase method for feature interaction resolution

Abstract: In a feature-oriented concurrent engineering

Abstract: In a feature-oriented concurrent engineering or CIM environment, feature interaction problems must be addressed and resolved to provide correctly represented part information for use throughout the product life-cycle. The feature interaction problems often arise as a result of: (1) feature modifications by detail designers; (2) changes in functional requirements that conflict with established constraints; and (3) knowledge-based feature translation operations in which design based features are interpreted in another context. If improperly handled, feature interaction problems will result in the representation of incorrect or inaccurate information in the feature modeler. The consequence can be serious problems or errors in the subsequent...

... interference-solving methodology based upon the Extended CSG Tree Of Features (ECTOF) scheme for feature representation. The methodology presented is composed of three phases. During an interactive design session, the first phase would be automatically activated after each execution of a feature manipulation operation to resolve simple feature interactions. Phase 2 is intended to be activated by the user during the interactive design process to coerce the type of a feature. Phase 2 would update the feature information in the ECTOF. Phase 3 is activated automatically after the user has completed a design session and will transform an ECTOF to a new structure called a 'resolved ECTOF'. In that, unresolved intersecting features...

Descriptors: computer integrated manufacturing; ...

...knowledge representation;
 Identifiers: three- phase method...
...feature interaction resolution...
...feature modifications; ...
... interactive design

```
2:INSPEC
DIALOG(R)File
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
           INSPEC Abstract Number: B9504-0170E-013, C9504-7480-074
 Title: A hypertext approach to discrete event simulation: the development
 of a computer-based learning tool
  Author(s): Spedding, T.A.; De Douza, R.
  Author Affiliation: Sch. of Mech. & Production Eng., Nanyang Technol.
Inst., Singapore
  Journal: International Journal of Engineering Education
                                                           vol.10, no.4
p.361-72
  Publication Date: 1994 Country of Publication: West Germany
  CODEN: IEEDEF ISSN: 0742-0269
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0742-0269/94/$3.00+0.00
  Language: English
  Subfile: B C
  Copyright 1995, IEE
 Title: A hypertext approach to discrete event simulation: the development
 of a computer-based learning tool
  Abstract: This paper presents an interactive simulation system in a
hypertext environment in an attempt to develop an awareness of the ...
... PC compatible computer under the Windows environment. The system
provides a hierarchical combination of text, graphics and animation to
illustrate simulation analysis. The software develops a unified and
structured approach to simulation so that the user can work through the
information at several
                               levels , depending on their expertise or
particular requirements. At the centre of the system is a fully developed
simulation of a surface mount technology (SMT) line, which is accessible to
    user from any point in the system. The system is therefore designed
respond to different levels of ability and experience, thus
alleviating one of the classic problems of engineering education which...
... conceptual design of the system can be adopted in any discipline which
requires a high level of visual and cognitive interaction to gain a
thorough understanding of engineering principles and their applications.
  ...Descriptors: electronic equipment manufacture ; ...
... graphical
              user interfaces...
... interactive systems
  ...Identifiers: interactive simulation system...
... graphics ; ...
...cognitive interaction ; ...
... visual interaction
   1994
```

(Item 21 from file: 2)

25/3,K/21

(Item 16 from file: 2) 25/3,K/16 DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC (c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C9703-1290F-022 Title: Quantifying the relative improvements of redesign strategies in a PC supply chain Author(s): Berry, D.; Naim, M.M. Author Affiliation: Logistics Syst. Dynamics Group, Univ. of Wales Coll. of Cardiff, UK Journal: International Journal of Production Economics Conference Title: Int. J. Prod. Econ. (Netherlands) vol.46-47 p.181-96 Publisher: Elsevier, Publication Date: Dec. 1996 Country of Publication: Netherlands CODEN: IJPEE6 ISSN: 0925-5273 SICI: 0925-5273(199612)46/47L.181:QRIR;1-L Material Identity Number: P531-97001 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0925-5273/96/\$15.00 Conference Title: Eighth International Working Seminar on Production Economics Conference Date: 21-25 Feb. 1994 Conference Location: Innsbruck, Austria Language: English Subfile: C Copyright 1997, IEE Abstract: The paper outlines the development of simulation models that describe the dynamic implications of various supply chain redesign strategies adopted by a major European manufacturer of personal (PCs). The strategies adopted in the real world supply chain, computers and replicated in the simulation models , are the introduction of the just-in-time philosophy in manufacturing plants, the development of a global materials planning system that attains visibility of total supply chain stock, a strategic supplier sourcing policy and the by-passing of the distribution network so as to directly interface with the customer . Simulation results suggest that dynamic performance improvements (which have an impact on customer service level achievement, stock holding requirements and production on-costs) were achieved by each consecutive redesign strategy. The paper concludes that the simulations are useful in educating and informing supply chain designers in other supply chains of the relative dynamic benefits of different supply... ...Identifiers: European PC manufacturer;simulation models; ...

...strategic supplier sourcing policy

1996

```
(Item 15 from file: 2)
25/3,K/15
DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: C9703-7480-044
Title: A data management model for design change control
 Author(s): Krishnamurthy, K.; Law, K.H.
 Author Affiliation: Dept. of Civil Eng., Stanford Univ., CA, USA
 Journal: Concurrent Engineering: Research and Applications vol.3, no.4
p.329-43
  Publisher: Technomic Publishing,
 Publication Date: Dec. 1995 Country of Publication: USA
 CODEN: CRAPEM ISSN: 1063-293X
 SICI: 1063-293X(199512)3:4L.329:DMMD;1-9
 Material Identity Number: F356-97003
 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 1063-293X/95/040329-15$10.00/0
 Language: English
 Subfile: C
 Copyright 1997, IEE
```

Title: A data management model for design change control Abstract: This paper presents a data management model to support collaborative design environments. Specifically the proposed describes a multidisciplinary project in terms of the independent evolution of designs from the participating disciplines. The model monitors independent design activities by systematically tracking component descriptions in the individual disciplines. Projects are coordinated through asynchronous communication of design changes . This paper discusses two salient features of the given model . First, we specify a three-layered closely coupled framework of versions, assemblies, and configurations. In this framework, versions maintain evolving descriptions of primitive entities within a single discipline. Assemblies integrate component instances to describe more complex entities, as well as designs within single disciplines. Configurations provide a framework to describe an overall project design that is composed of designs from multiple disciplines. Secondly, we introduce equivalent operations as single operations that summarize the effect of a sequence of changes on an instance description, and apply this concept to detect, store, and manage changes among versions of a primitive entity. The close coupling of the version, assembly, and configuration levels enables changes at various assembly and configuration levels to be characterized by recursively combining changes computed at the version level . We use a example of a multidisciplinary facility design project to change management capabilities of the model . This demonstrate the example has been tested on a prototype implementation in the AUTOCAD environment using AUTOLISP as the programming interface.

Identifiers: data management model ; ...
...design change control
1995

```
25/3,K/13
            (Item 13 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
         INSPEC Abstract Number: C9707-7400-004
  Title: A data management model for collaborative design in a CAD
environment
  Author(s): Krishnamurthy, K.; Law, K.H.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Civil Eng., Stanford Univ., CA, USA
  Journal: Engineering with Computers vol.13, no.2
                                                    p.65-86
  Publisher: Springer-Verlag,
  Publication Date: 1997 Country of Publication: USA
  CODEN: ENGCE7 ISSN: 0177-0667
  SICI: 0177-0667(1997)13:2L.65:DMMC;1-X
  Material Identity Number: J523-97002
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0177-0667/97/$2.00+0.20
  Language: English
  Subfile: C
  Copyright 1997, IEE
  Title: A
            data management
                               model
                                       for collaborative design in a CAD
environment
  Abstract: This paper presents a data management model to support
collaborative design. More specifically , it addresses the storing and
managing of changes among designers in a multidisciplinary design
project. We propose a three-layered model of versions, assemblies, and
configurations. Versions maintain evolving descriptions of primitive
entities within a single discipline. Assemblies integrate component
instances to describe more complex entities, as well as designs within
individual
            disciplines. Configurations provide a framework to represent
   overall project design which is composed of designs from the
participating disciplines. We apply a concept of equivalent operations
for developing operators that store, detect and manage changes among
versions of a primitive design entity. The close coupling of the version,
assembly, and configuration layers enables computed version changes to be
recursively
           combined to characterize changes
                                                at the assembly and
configuration levels . This applies for both project coordination through
asynchronous communication of changes among designers, and project
monitoring through systematic tracking of evolving project descriptions.
This paper also presents an implementation of the data management model
in a CAD paradigm. We use a simple multidisciplinary facility design
example to demonstrate the change management capabilities of the proposed
model . This example has been tested on a prototype implementation in an
AUTOCAD environment.
```

...Descriptors: data handling

...three-layered model ; ...

... change management

1997

... Identifiers: data management model; ...

```
DIALOG(R)File
               2: INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: C9807-7480-107
   Title:
          Supporting manufacturing with simulation: model
                                                                 design,
 development , and deployment
  Author(s): Chance, F.; Robinson, J.; Fowler, J.
  Author Affiliation: Chance Ind. Solutions, Dublin, CA, USA
  Conference Title: 1996 Winter Simulation Conference Proceedings
                                                                      p.
114-21
  Editor(s): Charnes, J.M.; Morrice, D.J.; Brunner, D.T.; Swain, J.J.
  Publisher: SCS Int, San Diego, CA, USA
  Publication Date: 1996 Country of Publication: USA
                                                      xxxi+1527 pp.
  ISBN: 0 7803 3383 7
                         Material Identity Number: XX98-00153
  Conference Title: Proceedings of 1996 Winter Simulation Conference
Proceedings
  Conference Sponsor: American Statistical Assoc.; ACM; INFORMS; IEEE; IIE;
NIST; SCS
  Conference Date: 8-11 Dec. 1996 Conference Location: Coronado, CA, USA
  Language: English
  Subfile: C
  Copyright 1998, IEE
          Supporting
                      manufacturing with simulation:
                                                        model
                                                                 design,
development , and deployment
  ... Abstract: industrial and consulting experiences. Using these projects
as motivation, we discuss the ideal project lifecycle- model design,
development
              and deployment. For model
                                             design, we emphasize the
importance of a clear and consistent specification, articulated in a
written document. This specification should identify project customers ,
goals and deliverables. We next review a range of model
                                                             development
options, stressing the existence of many non-simulation alternatives .
We also discuss methods for model verification and validation. Finally,
we consider the difficulties of model deployment, including simulation
output analysis, data maintenance and model integration. We close with
           suggestions on how best to present simulation results to a
 several
management audience.
  Descriptors: computer integrated manufacturing;
  ... Identifiers: model design...
          development; ...
... model
... model deployment...
... specification; ...
... model verification...
... model validation...
... data maintenance...
... model integration
   1996
```

(Item 10 from file: 2)

25/3,K/203 (Item 42 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
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924814 ORDER NO: AAD86-16978

THE IMPACT OF MANAGEMENT ON THE INTRODUCTION OF PROCESS TECHNOLOGY IN A PROCESS-ORIENTED FIRM

Author: RADFORD, RUSSELL WAYNE

Degree: D.B.A. Year: 1986

Corporate Source/Institution: HARVARD UNIVERSITY (0084)

Source: VOLUME 47/05-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 1810. 351 PAGES

THE IMPACT OF MANAGEMENT ON THE INTRODUCTION OF PROCESS TECHNOLOGY IN A PROCESS-ORIENTED FIRM

Year: 1986

Suggested solutions to the perceived non-competitiveness of U.S. manufacturers invariably include changes in products and processes. These solutions assume that these changes will be implemented in manufacturing organizations with no difficulty. This empirical research investigates the manner in which productive units assimilate change, and the internal conditions influencing the rate at which change is accepted.

It is hypothesized that the ability to assimilate change is dependant on the management's impact is through the ability to influence the development of, and use of, technological capability disembodied technology—within the productive unit. Several managerially—influenced proxies for technological capability are defined, and a model developed in which the impact of change in manufacturing capital equipment on productive unit performance is mediated by the various technological proxies.

Tested on a data base consisting of 66 months operating data from all departments in the five plants in one process-oriented manufacturing firm, the model shows that, while changes in manufacturing equipment have a positive impact on performance, the intervening variables significantly reduce this impact.

Using a...

...three capital equipment projects are reviewed to determine the influence of management on technological capability **development**, and hence on performance improvement. Two of these experiments used matched sets of productive units. By mapping the **levels** of management characteristics in **each** unit onto the impact of **each** project on the **individual** unit's performance, consistent relationships between management characteristics and productive unit performance can be seen.

While the research has **several** interesting findings, including the somewhat paradoxical finding that the productive units with better longer term...

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25/3,K/4
            (Item 4 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File
               2:INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: C1999-07-7480-056
  Title: Developing an integrated intelligent framework to support an
engineering change process for an axial piston pump
 Author(s): Ou-Yang, C.; Chang, C.W.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Ind. Manage., Nat. Taiwan Inst. of Technol.,
Taipei, Taiwan
  Journal: International Journal of Advanced Manufacturing Technology
vol.15, no.5
              p.345-55
  Publisher: Springer-Verlag,
  Publication Date: 1999 Country of Publication: UK
 CODEN: IJATEA ISSN: 0268-3768
  SICI: 0268-3768(1999)15:5L.345:DIIF;1-D
 Material Identity Number: J700-1999-005
 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0268-3768/99/$2.00+0.20
 Language: English
  Subfile: C
 Copyright 1999, IEE
  Title: Developing an integrated intelligent framework to support an
engineering change process for an axial piston pump
 Abstract: Since the concepts of concurrent engineering were introduced
in mid 1980s, the product design process has become complicated. This is
because many factors related to the life cycle of the product may need to
be considered during the design stage. Therefore, shortening product
            time becomes important for the survival of an enterprise. In
development
this paper, an integrated intelligent...
... support concurrent engineering is proposed. Two major modules are
provided by this system to assist change management. One is a constraint
network module that analyses the related constraints about a design change
to find the design variables influenced. Another is a product assembly
module
        that extracts the design data from a CAD database to analyse
the spatial relationships relating to an assembly. The data in the above
two modules are integrated in a data integrated module, in which an
entity relational data model was developed to describe the integrated
       . Finally, a Web-based query system was developed to provide a
multiplatform environment for the user to refer to the data in the
constraint network
                    module
                            and the product assembly
                                                        module during a
        change process. The proposed environment is implemented in the
design change process for an axial piston pump.
  ... Descriptors: information resources...
...product development; ...
...visual databases
  ... Identifiers: engineering change process...
...product development time...
... change management...
...product assembly module; ...
... CAD database ; ...
... data integrated module...
```

...entity relational data model; ...

... multiplatform environment 1999

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25/3,K/34
              (Item 34 from file: 2)
                2: INSPEC
DIALOG(R)File
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
           INSPEC Abstract Number: B91055822, C91059870
  Title: Hierarchical real-time scheduling of a semiconductor fabrication
facility
  Author(s): Bai, X.; Srivatsan, N.; Gershwin, S.B.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Mech. Eng., MIT, Cambridge, MA, USA
  Conference Title: Ninth IEEE/CHMT International Electronic Manufacturing
Technology Symposium. Competitive Manufacturing for the Next Decade.
Proceedings 1990 IEMT Symposium (Cat. No. 90CH2864-7)
                                                         p.312-17
  Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY, USA
  Publication Date: 1990 Country of Publication: USA
                                                         x+370 pp.
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: CH2864-7/90/0000-0312$01.00
  Conference Sponsor: IEEE
  Conference Date: 1-3 Oct. 1990 Conference Location: Washington, DC,
USA
  Language: English
  Subfile: B C
  ... Abstract: experimental implementation in a semiconductor research
laboratory are described. Its purpose is to aid the development of
algorithms for real-time decision-making in a manufacturing enterprise in
which such disruptive events as machine failures, material absences,
expedited items, engineering changes, fluctuations of demand, and setups
play a role. The hierarchy is divided into a set of levels that
correspond to events that occur at very different frequencies. At each
        , decisions are made in a way that satisfies the capacity
constraints that are appropriate to that level and that meet objectives
determined at higher levels . These decisions are either actions, such as
the loading of a part of the initiation of a setup, or objectives to be issued to lower levels . The integration of the scheduler with the
           database , the structure of the scheduler as determined by the
systemwide
time constants and process flows in...
  ... Descriptors: manufacturing data processing...
                         manufacture
...semiconductor device
  ... Identifiers: engineering changes; ...
...systemwide database;
   1990
```

```
(Item 38 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC
(c) 2006 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: C90071964
  Title: Integrating IBIS simulations and systems planning models through
multiple model communications
  Author(s): Ketcham, M.G.; Rajagopalan, R.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Ind. Eng. & Oper. Res., Massachusetts Univ.,
Amherst, MA, USA
  Conference Title: 1989 Winter Simulation Conference Proceedings (Cat.
No.89CH2778-9)
                 p.834-9
  Editor(s): MacNair, A.; Musselman, K.J.; Heidelberger, P.
  Publisher: SCS, San Diego, CA, USA
  Publication Date: 1989 Country of Publication: USA
                                                        xx+1139 pp.
  ISBN: 0 911801 58 8
  Conference Sponsor: IEEE; American Stat. Assoc.; ACM; Inst. Ind. Eng.;
NIST; ORSA; Inst. Manage Sci.; SCS
Conference Date: 4-6 Dec. 1989
                                    Conference Location: Washington, DC,
USA
  Language: English
  Subfile: C
  Title: Integrating IBIS simulations and systems planning models through
multiple model communications
 Abstract: A description is given of a multiple -process, multiple
-windowed environment that allows users to interact with several
models
          concurrently, including IBIS simulations. One goal in designing
this environment is the transparent integration of simulation with other
          models , such as mathematical models for production planning.
types of
                             interactive
     capabilities include
                                              development
                                                           of experiment
 specifications , automatic reconfiguration of simulations based on
changing system specifications , and concurrent execution of simulations
and production scheduling models to provide a detailed analysis of system
capacities. Concurrent execution is controlled through techniques for
multiple
          model communication.
  Descriptors: manufacturing
                               computer control...
...manufacturing data processing
  ... Identifiers: systems planning models ; ...
... multiple
              model communications...
... multiple -windowed environment...
... mathematical models ; ...
... interactive
                 development; ...
...automatic reconfiguration
   1989
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